Growing & Protecting the East Palo Alto Urban Forest

April 19, 2022

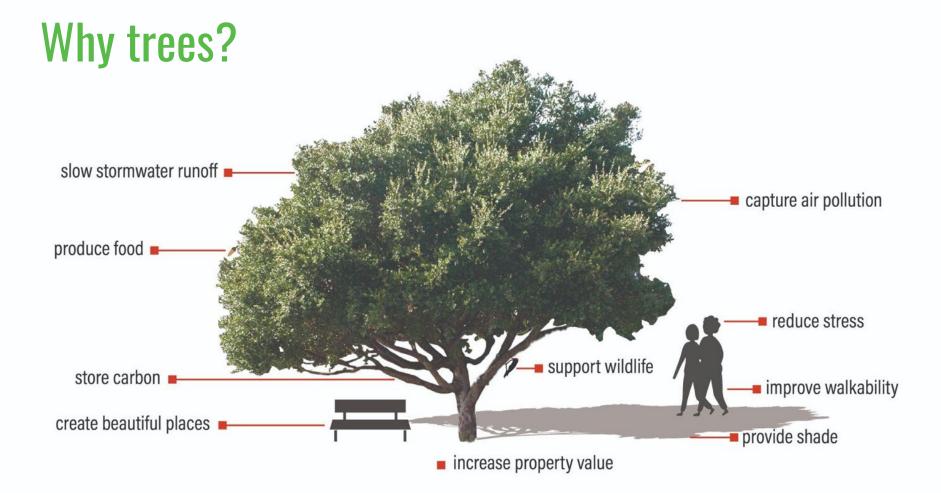


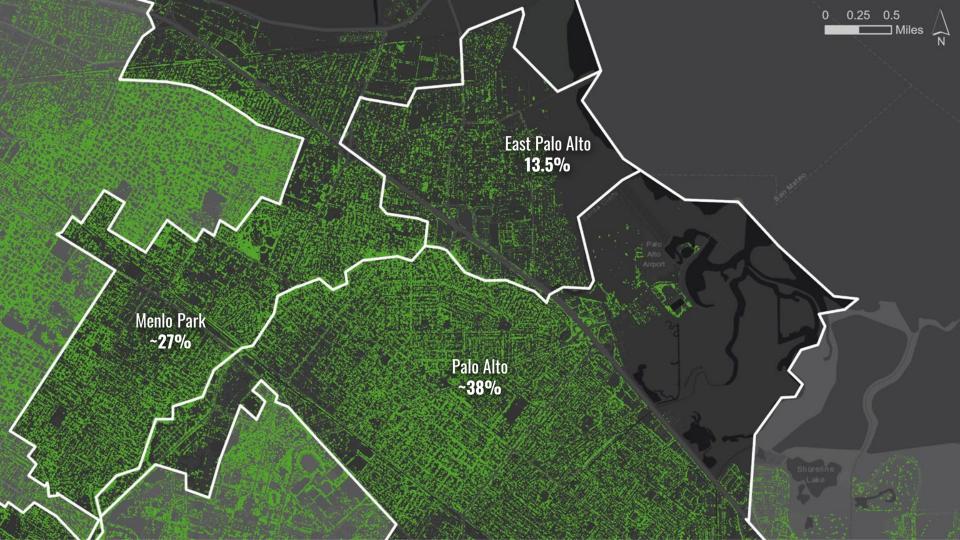












Taking Action

Funded by CalFire, the City has drafted an Urban Forest Master Plan to evaluate and plan for the City's trees.

The project includes tree planting through the non-profit Canopy.

Recommendations from the Plan can be implemented in part through changes to the City's Tree Protection Ordinances and related staff procedures.



Project Timeline





An Urban Forest Master Plan for East Palo Alto

What is an urban forest master plan?

A roadmap towards a shared vision for the future of the city's tree canopy

1 Evaluate the current status, management, protections, and perceptions of the urban forest 2 Set goals for the future and make recommendations to achieve these goals

Current status

Lack of Tree Canopy

Water Scarcity & Climate Change

Legacy of Urban Design Without Room for Trees

Unclear Authority & Responsibility

Reactive Approach to Tree Maintenance Effectiveness and Enforcement of the Tree Protection Ordinance

Lack of Trust Between City & Community

Limited Resources

Setting goals

Goal 1:Grow a healthy, extensive, vibrant, and diverse urban forest to provide 20% canopy cover by 2062 and 30% by 2122. **Goal 2:** Connect with an engaged and informed community to provide stewardship of the urban forest.

Objectives

- 1. Grow the urban forest
- 2. Define responsibilities and support improved maintenance practices and protections for public and private trees
- 3. Connect with the community around tree stewardship

Objective 1: Grow the urban forest

Action 1. Develop a city-wide tree planting strategy to increase equity with neighboring cities.

Action 2. Plant climate-adapted species with the intention of planting the right tree in the right place to **maximize benefits** for public health, wildlife, and resilience.

Action 3. Integrate trees into future urban design .



Objective 2: Define responsibilities and support improved maintenance practices and protections for public and private trees



Action 4. Codify responsibility and set standards for proactive public tree maintenance and protection.

Action 5. Revise the tree protection ordinance and implementation process to provide strong protection for private trees.

Action 6. Seek opportunities for additional funding.

Objective 2: Define responsibilities and support improved maintenance practices and protections for public and private trees



Action 4. Codify responsibility and set standards for proactive public tree maintenance and protection.

Action 5. Revise the tree protection ordinance and implementation process to provide strong protection for private trees.

Action 6. Seek opportunities for additional funding.

Objective 3: Connect with the community around tree stewardship

Action 7. Design a cohesive and inclusive public outreach program focused on building awareness of the benefits of trees and how and why trees are protected in the City.

Action 8. Become a Tree City USA.

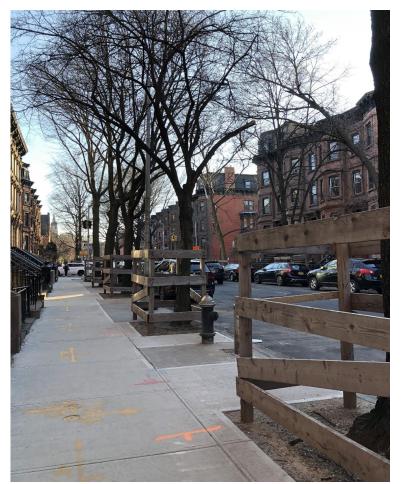




Tree Ordinance Updates

Why update?

- Want to support the goals of the Urban Forest Master Plan
 - Encourage more tree planting
- Current public tree ordinances lack standard components, including specifying responsibilities and standards
 - Need to acknowledge and standardize work being done
 - Add BMPs (ANSI A300)
- Current tree protection ordinance (private) has a different definition of a protected tree than the practice



Current Tree Ordinances

Development Code

Chapter 12.16 Cutting And Trimming Trees On City Streets And Public Places

Chapter 18.28 Landscaping and Trees

Section 13.24.410 Street trees

Proposed Tree Ordinances

Development Code

Chapter 12.16 Trees on Public Property and in the Public Right-of-Way

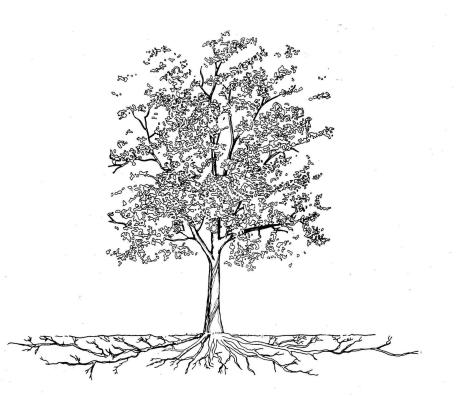
Chapter 18.28 Trees on Private Property



Chapter 18.30.090 Parking Lot Design Standards

Key changes proposed

- Public Proactive maintenance practices
- Landscaping code Enhance tree planting requirements in parking lots
- Private Definition of a protected tree to include standard measurements
- Private Require tree removal permits for development projects, amend criteria for removal to reflect change



Public tree management

- The City will take responsibility for maintenance of trees in the public right-of-way
 - No change, formalizing current workflow
- Adopt a proactive grid pruning approach to regularly prune all City trees
 - Change in contracted work to improve tree care



Parking lot shading

New shade conditions will require **shading over 50% of parking lot areas** (15 years of permit approval).

In alignment with California Green Building Code and ordinances adopted by Davis, Sacramento, West Sac, and Pleasanton.

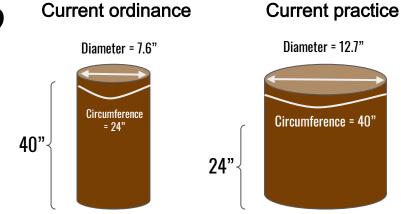
This ambitious goal seeks to increase tree canopy cover; building space for trees in parking lots.

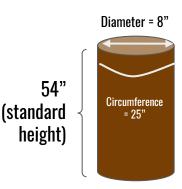
Applies to projects that require an entitlement permit.



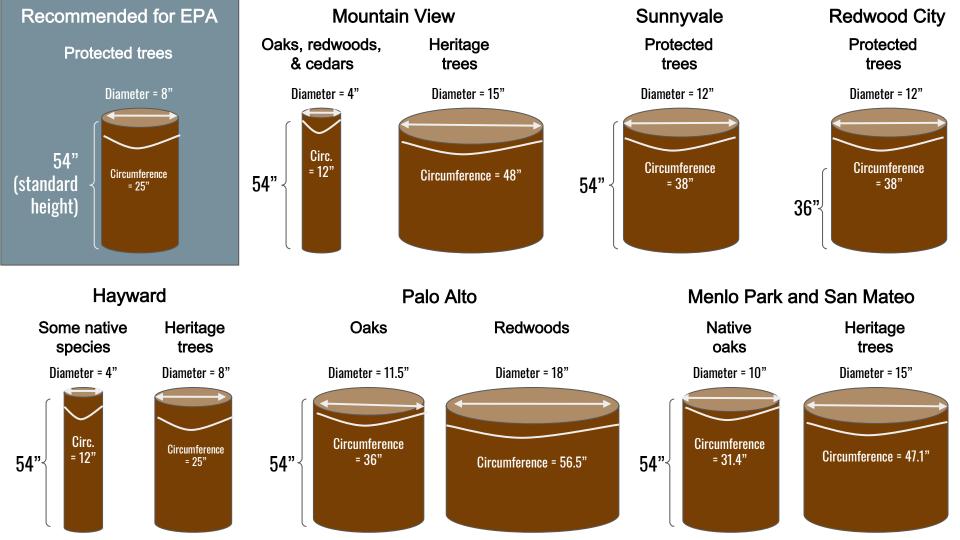
Which trees are protected?

- All public trees (no change)
- Private trees that were required to be preserved or planted as a condition of development or to replace an unlawfully removed tree *(no change)*
- Private trees that are more than 24" circumference at a height of 40"
 - In practice, trees over 40" circumference at 24" height are protected
 - *Recommended change: trees over 8" diameter at 54"*





Recommended



When can a private protected tree be removed?

- The tree is dead or dying
- The tree is structurally unsound and high risk
- The tree is causing damage that cannot be remedied
- The tree significantly interferes with development that meets the goals of the City's General Plan (*new*)
- A government agency requires the tree to be removed for health or safety (*new*)
- In case of emergency *(can obtain a permit afterwards)*

A permit is always required to remove a protected tree!

Development requirement

	Current Ordinance	Proposed Changes
Criteria for Removal (Private Trees)	1. Dead or dying	1. Dead, dying, high risk, or invasive
	2. Structurally unsound and cannot be corrected	2. Structurally unsound and cannot be corrected
	3. Causing damage that cannot be remedied	3. Causing damage that cannot be remedied
		 4. The tree interferes with proposed development, repair, alteration, or improvement of a site and preservation would stop the implementation of a well-integrated and thoughtful design that enhances the property and neighborhood while meaningfully furthering the goals set forth in the General Plan and the project will incorporate replacement trees. 5. The removal is requested by a governmental agency due to a health or safety risk
Exemptions (Private Trees)	 Emergencies. Project approval. No Tree Removal Permit is required where the removal of trees has been authorized as part of a development approval granted by the City. 	1. Emergencies.

Criteria for preservation

- The current ordinance allows a removal permit to be denied for the following reasons:
 - The tree is an important asset to the community.
 - The tree contributes substantially to the aesthetic beauty of an area and its removal would adversely affect the appearance of the area.
 - The tree is a member of a group of trees mutually dependent on each other for survival, structural integrity, or aesthetics.
- Difficult to make a determination on these criteria
- *Recommended change: permit denials and appeals are made on the basis of the criteria used to justify removal*



Changes to process and implementation

- 1. Expanded weekend code enforcement (*Spring 2022*)
- 1. Transparency of removals associated with development
- 1. Ensure all noticing requirements are followed
- 1. Periodic updates to Planning Commission



What are the next steps?

- Recommending that ordinance changes take effect October 1, 2022
 - Staff evaluates and undertakes necessary changes for implementation
 - Staff and community education on new ordinances